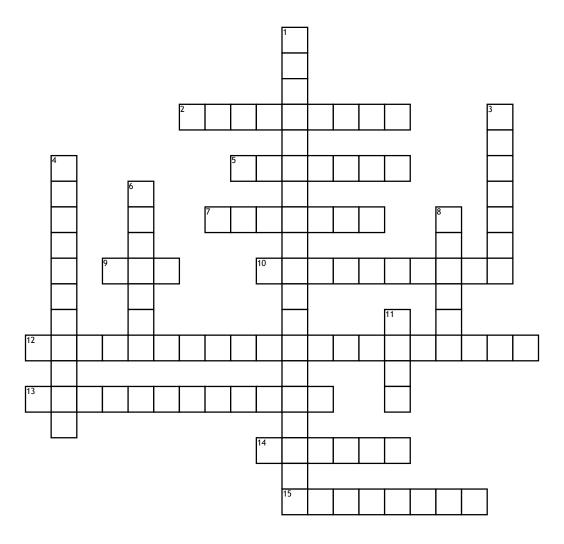
Name:	Date:	

## **VOLCANOES**



## **Across**

 When a liquid tends to resist flow.
A land for, usually conical, produced by accumulations of erupted

material.

- 7. A locialized zone of melting in the mantle under a plate that form volcanoes and islands above it.
- **9.** Dust size particles of hardened lava less than 2mm across that are thrown into the air.
- **10.** This forms when lava cools quickly in the cold ocean.
- **12.** The closest volcano to us which billions of years ago formed a large granite dome.

- 13. A pool of magma within the earth.
- **14.** A pebble-sized rock fragments that have the same composition as ash.
- **15.** When thick lava emerges from a volcano and forms a steep-sided bulbous structure on the volcanic summit.

## Down

- 1. A mixture of hot rock, ash and lava fragments that are thrown from the vent of a volcano during an eruption.
- **3.** A large, steep-sided, circular volcanic depression where the magma chambers' roof has collapsed.
- 4. A wide, flat land resulting from repeated eruptions spreading over a large area.

- **6.** Cracks in earth's crust where molten rock flows and floods the surrounding landscape.
- **8.** A cone shaped pit at the top of many volcanoes.
- 11. An opening in the surface of the earth through which gas nad erupted material pass.

## **Word Bank**

volcano vent caldera magma chamber

cinder crater stone mountain georgia fissure lava plateau hot spot lava dome viscosity

pyroclastic material pillow lava ash