## Variables, Terms, Expressions (Book2)



## Across

2. We call this 7_ Seven
3. The Distributive $\qquad$ refers to simplifying unlike terms in parenthesis $5(\mathrm{x}+2) ; 5 \mathrm{X}+52$
4. write out this the long way $\mathrm{X}_{-}$
5. Length times Width
6. The number four in the
following expression is called an 2
7. Letters that are used where numbers can go are called
8. A very simple kind of expression where multiplication is the only operation $4 \mathrm{X} ; 3 \mathrm{X} ; 2 \mathrm{Y}$; 3ABC; 4D
9. The following equation is an example of the $\qquad$ Property
$2(2+4) ; 22+24 ; 4+8$
10. Another word for replacing $X$ is: $\mathrm{X}+103+10=134+10=14$

## Down

1. $(3 \mathrm{X})(2 \mathrm{X})$ and 6 X is an $\qquad$ _
2. The distance all the way around the outside of a figure
3. 4 X and -4 X ; 6X4 and 2 X 3 ; 3 XY and 2 YX are examples of $\qquad$
$\overline{5.4 X}$ and 7 Y ; Are $\qquad$
$\qquad$ with Variable parts that are not equivalent
4. When we solve this equation, we are $\qquad$ Expressions : Substitute 4 for $\mathrm{x} ; \mathrm{x}+5 ; 4+5 ; 9$
5. (2)(X) ; X+4; x-5; x+y ; are examples of $\qquad$
6. another way to write X Y
7. 6 _ We call this Six $\qquad$
