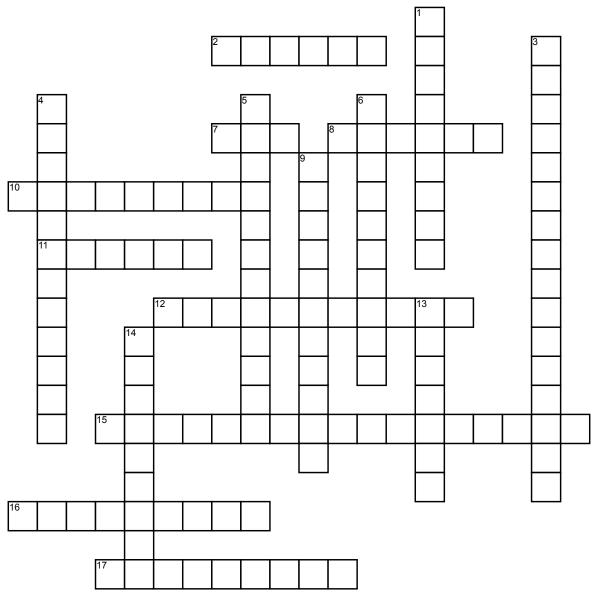
Name:	Date:	

Vocab 6



Across

- 2. a cloud of gas and dust in outer space, visible in the night sky either as an indistinct bright patch or as a dark silhouette against other luminous matter. (in general use) any indistinct bright area in the night sky, for example, a distant galaxy.
- 7. the star around which the earth orbits.
- **8.** a celestial object consisting of a nucleus of ice and dust and, when near the sun, a "tail" of gas and dust particles pointing away from the sun.
- **10.** any of the almost spherical concentric regions of matter that make up the earth and its atmosphere, as the lithosphere and hydrosphere.
- **11.** a celestial body moving in an elliptical orbit around a star
- **12.** the collection of eight planets and their moons in orbit around the sun, together with smaller bodies in the form of asteroids, meteoroids, and comets.

- **15.** A terrestrial planet, telluric planet, or rocky planet is a planet that is composed primarily of silicate rocks or metals.
- **16.** a large planet of relatively low density consisting predominantly of hydrogen and helium, such as Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, or Neptune.
- 17. the branch of science that deals with celestial objects, space, and the physical universe as a whole.

Down

- 1. the process of growth or increase, typically by the gradual accumulation of additional layers or matter.
- 3. the trapping of the sun's warmth in a planet's lower atmosphere due to the greater transparency of the atmosphere to visible radiation from the sun than to infrared radiation emitted from the planet's surface.
- **4.** a planet whose orbit lies within the asteroid belt, i.e., Mercury, Venus, Earth, or Mars.

- **5.** a planet whose orbit lies outside the asteroid belt, i.e., Jupiter, Saturn, Uranus, or Neptune.
- **6.** The lunar phase or phase of the moon is the shape of the illuminated (sunlit) portion of the Moon as seen by an observer on Earth.
- **9.** all the waters on the earth's surface, such as lakes and seas, and sometimes including water over the earth's surface, such as clouds.
- 13. an obscuring of the light from one celestial body by the passage of another between it and the observer or between it and its source of illumination.
- 14. a small rocky body orbiting the sun.