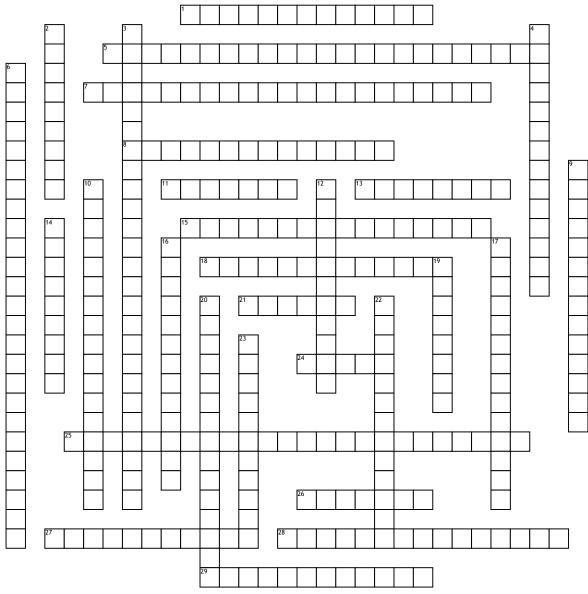
## **Vocab Final**



## Across

- 1. an instructional approach that involves working with a small group of students who demonstrate similar reading behaviors and can all read similar levels of texts
- 5. the highest level at which a reader has adequate background knowledge for the topic, and can access text very quickly and with very few errors
- 7. the ability to process text, understand its meaning, and to integrate with what the reader already knows  $\,$
- **8.** groups of two or three consonants in words that makes a distinct consonant sound
- 11. a combination of two letters representing one sound
- 13. reading a text quickly in order to find specific information
- **15.** the letter-sound or sound-symbol relationships of language
- ${\bf 18.}$  a literacy technique that helps students build their fluency, self-confidence, and motivation in reading
- 21. the arrangement of words and phrases to create well-formed sentences in a language
- 24. the initial phonological unit of any word
- **25.** the ability to process written information and understand the underlying meaning of the text

- ${\bf 26.}$  a speech sound, the smallest unit of language and has no inherent meaning
- **27.** giving a brief statement of the main points of (something)
- **28.** an approach to the teaching of reading in which the phonemes associated with particular graphemes are not pronounced in isolation
- 29. the elements or parts of a story or selection

## Down

- 2. telling (a story) again or differently
- 3. the highest level at which a reader is not independent, but has adequate background knowledge for a topic, and can access text quickly and with no errors
- **4.** a reading comprehension activity in which words are omitted from a passage and students are required to fill in the blanks
- $\boldsymbol{6.}$  when a child becomes frustrated at their own reading ability
- 9. a syllable that ends with a consonant

- 10. a subset of phonological awareness in which listeners are able to hear, identify and manipulate phonemes, the smallest mental units of sound that helps to differentiate units of meaning
- 12. rereading strategy designed to help students develop expressive, fluent reading as well as used for print knowledge
- ${\bf 14.}\ to\ identify\ the\ similarities\ and\ differences\ between two\ things$
- **16.** with this type of text new readers can decipher words using the phonics skills they have been taught
- 17. a method of assessing a child's reading level that is specific to the Reading Recovery approach to remedial reading instruction
- **19.** the smallest meaningful contrastive unit in a writing system
- 20. moves from the whole to the smallest part
- **22.** repeats the same sentence pattern multiple times with one or two changes in each sentence
- **23.** rhetorical device through which writers identify differences between two subjects, places, persons, things, or ideas