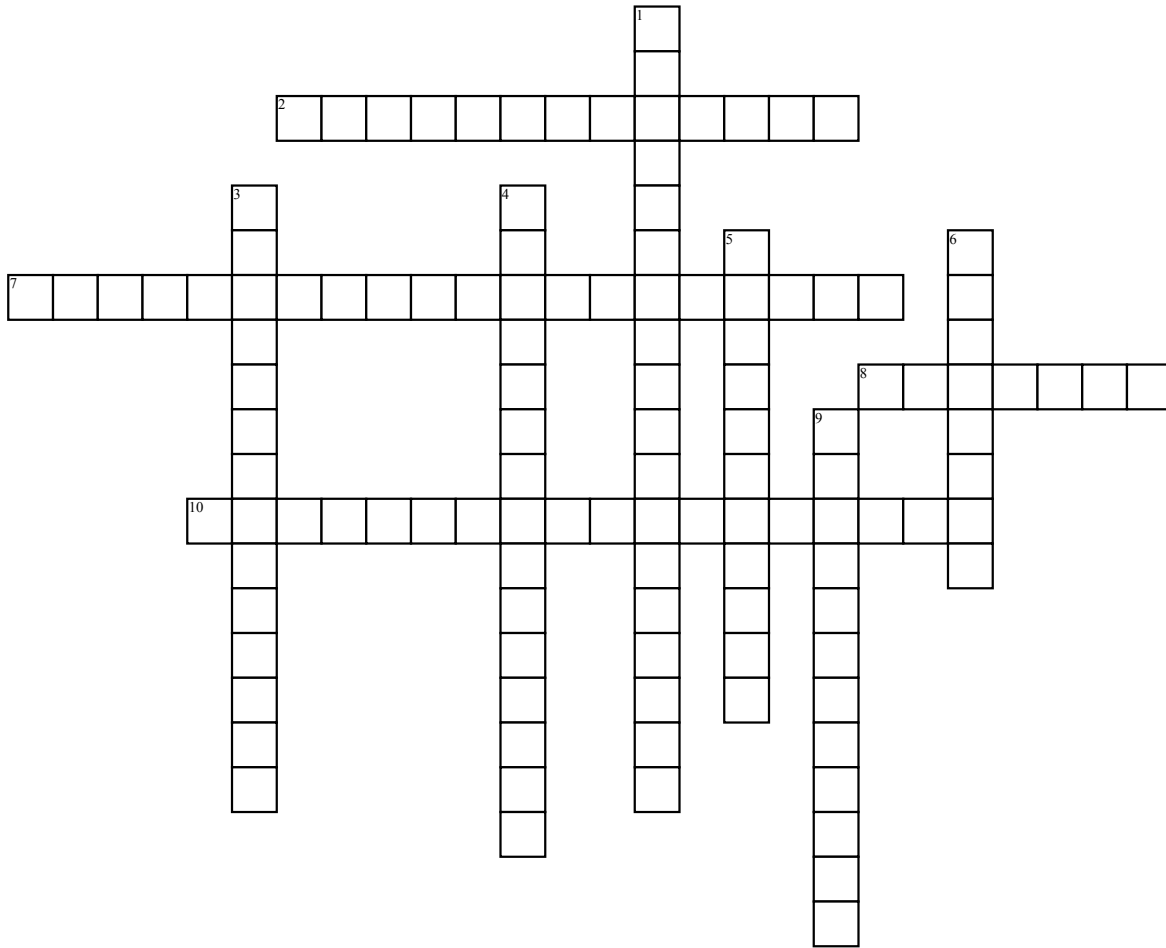


Vocabulary 5



Across

2. the alliance of Germany, Austria–Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria during World War I.

7. between the United States and Japan in 1907-1908 represented an effort by President Theodore Roosevelt to calm growing tension between the two countries over the immigration of Japanese workers.

8. the four top Allied powers of World War I and their leaders who met at the Paris Peace Conference in January 1919.

10. signed in June 1919 at the Palace of Versailles in Paris at the end of World War I, codified peace terms between the victorious Allies and Germany.

Down

1. The corollary states that the United States will intervene in conflicts between the European countries and Latin American countries to enforce legitimate claims of the European powers, rather than having the Europeans press their claims directly.

3. statement of principles initiated by the United States in 1899 and 1900 for the protection of equal privileges among countries trading with China and in support of Chinese territorial and administrative integrity.

4. an association of countries established in 1919 by the Treaty of Versailles to promote international cooperation and achieve international peace and security. It was powerless to stop Italian, German, and Japanese expansionism leading to World War II and was replaced by the United Nations in 1945.

5. a policy of extending a country's power and influence through diplomacy or military force.

6. a nation's aggressive foreign policy

9. those countries allied against the Central Powers (Germany, Austria-Hungary, and Turkey) in World War I