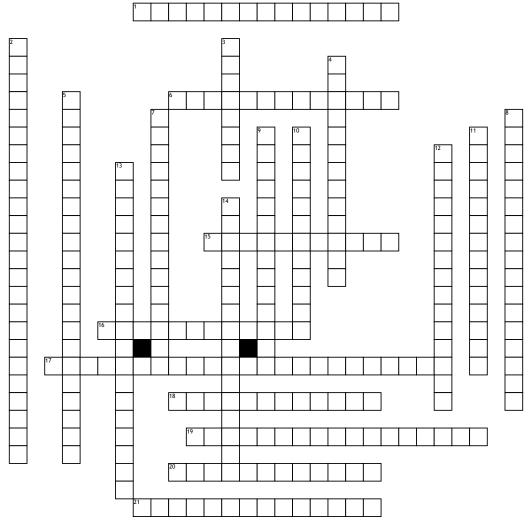
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## Vocabulary Chapter 5



## **Across**

- 1. Against the constitution
- **6.** Idea that a government should be based on the consent of the people
- **15.** Supporters of the constitution
- **16.** Required the agreement of atleast nine states
- **17.** One in which two levels shared fundamental powers , set of laws
- 18. The ten rights Americans wanted
- **19.** Prevents one branch from dominating the others
- **20.** Political leader from Connecticut suggested the Great compromise

**21.** A series of 85 essays defending the constitution

## Down

- **2.** When congress provided a procedure for diving land into territories
- **3.** A government in which citizens rule through their elected representatives
- 4. New form of government; alliance
- **5.** Called for three fifths of a states slaves to be counted as population.
- **7.** Offered a two house congress to satisfy both small and big states
- 8. To make laws
- **9.** Came from Daniel Shay and protested the foreclosures on farms

- **10.** 1786 declared a meeting of state delagates to discuss issues of interstate trade
- 11. Interpret the laws
- 12. Carries out laws
- **13.** Established a plan for surveying the land
- **14.** Group of electors chowed by the stares would cast ballots for the candidates.

## **Word Bank**

Electoral college Republic Judicial branch Federalists The federalists Executive branch Roger Sherman Articles of Confederation Confederation Republicanism Great compromise Northwest ordinance of 1787 Shays rebellion Three fifths compromise Legislative branhc Land ordinance of 1785 Ratification Checks and balances anti federalists James Madison Bill of Rights