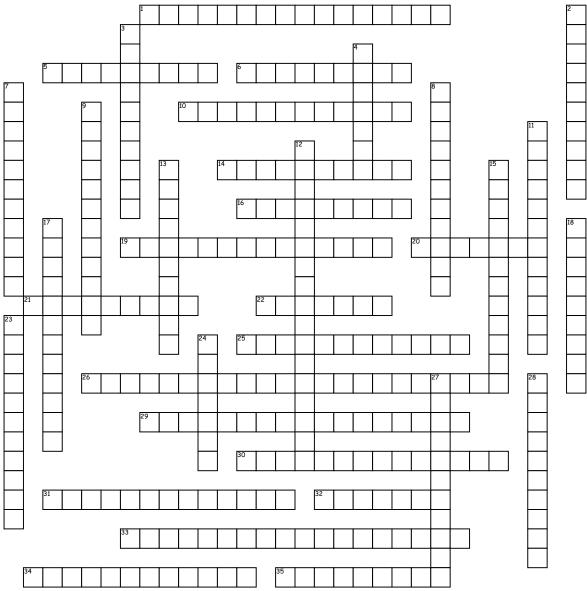
Vocabulary Review Crossword Part 1



- 1. $\overline{\mbox{The}}$ largest population that an environment can support at any given time
- ${\bf 5}.$ The pathway of energy transfer through various stages as a result of the feeding patterns of a series of organisms
- $\bf 6. \ A$ relationship between two species in which one species, the predator, feeds on the other species, the prey
- 10. Describes an individual that has two different alleles for
- $\bf 14.$ The anaerobic breakdown of glucose to pyruvic acid, which makes a small amount of energy available to cells in the form of ATP
- 16. A relationship between two species in which both species
- 19. A simple sugar that is the basic subunit, or monomer, of a
- 20. A membrane-bound organelle that contains the cell's DNA 21. One of the two strands of a chromosome that become visible during meiosis or mitosis
- 22. A diagram that shows the feeding relationships among organisms in an ecosystem
- 25. The variety of organisms considered at all levels, from populations to ecosystems

- 26. A series of molecules, found in the inner membranes of mitochondria and chloroplasts, through which electrons pass a process that causes protons to build up on one side of the membrane
- 29. Reproduction at a constant rate; never ending growth
- ${\bf 30}.$ One of the carbohydrates made up of long chains of simple of simple sugars
- ${\bf 31.}~{\bf A}$ mutation in which only one nucleotide or nitrogenous base in a gene is changed
- 32. A substance that gives another substance or a mixture of
- 33. Reproduction in which gametes from two parents unite
- $\bf 34. \ The \ exchange \ of genetic material between homologous chromosomes during meiosis$
- **35**. An organism that produces its own nutrients from inorganic substances or from the environment

- 2. Describes an individual that has identical alleles for a trait
- ${\bf 3.}$ A subunit that consists of a sugar, a phosphate, and a nitrogenous base
- **4**. A process of cell division that forms two new nuclei, each of which has the same number of chromosomes

- 7. A state that exists when the concentration of a substance is the same throughout a space $\,$
- 8. The raising of crops and livestock for food or for other products that are useful to humans
- 9. The formation of two cells from one existing cell
- $11.\ \mbox{A}$ relationship between two organisms in which one organism benefits and the other is unaffected
- 12. The number of individuals of the same species that live in a given unit of area
- 13. The death of every member of a species
- 15. The breakdown of carbohydrates by enzymes, bacteria, yeasts, or mold in the absence of oxygen
- 17. An organism's relative position in a sequence of energy transfers in a food chain or food pyramid, examples include producers and primary, secondary, and tertiary consumers
- 18. An organism made up of cells that have a nucleus
- 23. The process of obtaining information by using the senses
- 24. The study of life
- 27. An organism that obtains organic food molecules by eating other organisms or their byproducts
- 28. A single-called organism that has no nucleus