

Name: _____

Date: _____

Vocabulary Test

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| 1. motion with a constant velocity | A. uniform motion |
| 2. motion with a constant acceleration | B. torque |
| 3. are parts of a vector that lie on the axes of a coordinate system | C. rotational motion |
| 4. a force that resists motion | D. tension |
| 5. the force that operates between masses which has an infinite range | E. non uniform acceleration |
| 6. a force that acts in a direction perpendicular to the common contact surface between two objects | F. impulse |
| 7. a physical quantity that has a magnitude and a direction | G. friction |
| 8. the state of an object when the vector sum of all the forces acting on it is zero | H. speed |
| 9. the magnitude of the force exerted on and by a cable, rope or string | I. mass |
| 10. a diagram, with a coordinate system, in which all quantities are represented by vectors | J. vector |
| 11. a force that acts to produce a rotation | K. system |
| 12. also known as constant acceleration | L. resultant vector |
| 13. a frictional force that acts to keep an object at rest | M. static equilibrium |
| 14. an arbitrarily assigned group of objects | N. resolved vectors |
| 15. the distance an object travels divided by the time the object was travelling | O. velocity |
| 16. a vector representing the sum of two or more vectors | P. vector diagram |
| 17. angular motion around one point | Q. normal force |
| 18. components of a vector that are at right angles to each other | R. momentum |
| 19. the acceleration that is changing with time | S. uniformly accelerated motion |
| 20. the product of an object's mass and its velocity | T. physics |

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| 21. the rate of change of position of an object in a particular direction | U. static frictional force |
| 22. a physical quantity that has only a magnitude or size | V. scalar |
| 23. the study of the relationship between matter and energy | W. uniform acceleration |
| 24. the quantity of matter an object contains | X. gravitational force |
| 25. the vector sum of all forces acting on an object | Y. components |
| 26. the product of the force exerted on an object and the time interval over which the force acts | Z. net force |