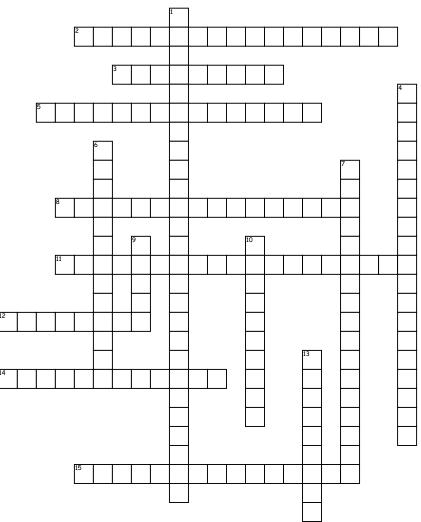
Name:	Date:	Period:

Waste Management



Across

- 2. waste is buried in the ground or piled up in large, carefully engineered mounds
- 3. experts identify sites polluted with hazardous chemicals
- 5. is waste that comes from the production of consumer's goods, mining, agriculture, and petroleum extraction and refining
- 8. waste that gives off radiation and is harmful to humans and the environment
- 11. shallow pits lined with plastic and an impermeable material, such as clay

- 12. the liquid that results when substances from the trash dissolve in water as rainwater percolates downward
- 14. a controlled process in which mixed garbage is burned at very high temperatures
- 15. preventing waste generation

Down

- 1. places where collected recyclables are sorted and prepared for reprocessing
- 4. non liquid waste that comes from homes, institutions, and small businesses

- **6**. it does not decompose or break down naturally
- 7. a well is drilled deep beneath the water table, into porous rock
- 9. any unwanted material or substance that results from a human activity or process
- 10. the conversion of organic waste into mulch or humus through natural biological processes of decomposition
- 13. the collection of materials that can be broken down and reprocessed to make new items

Word Bank

Municipal solid waste Sanitary landfills Composting Biodegradable Source reduction Waste Radioactive waste Recycling Deep well injection Superfund Leachate
Industrial waste
Material recovery facilities
Surface impoundments
Incineration