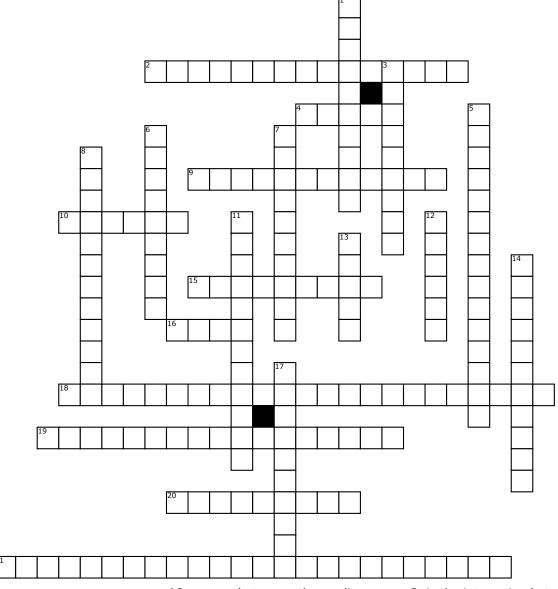
Waves



Across

- **2.** waves that move the medium at right angles to the direction in which the waves travels
- **4.** the high part of a transverse wave
- **9.** the parts in a longitudinal wave where the coils are spread apart
- **10.** the material through which a wave travels
- **15.** the maximum distance that the particles of the medium carrying the wave move away from their rest positions
- **16.** a disturbance that transfers energy from place to place
- **18.** the interference that occurs when two waves combine to make a smaller amplitude

- **19.** waves that move the medium parallel to the direction in which the waves travel
- **20.** a repeated back-and-forth or up-and-down motion
- **21.** the interference that occurs when waves combine to make a wave with a larger amplitude

Down

- **1.** the distance between two corresponding parts of a wave
- **3.** the points of maximum amplitude on a standing wave
- **5.** waves that require a medium through which to travel
- **6.** the number of complete waves that pass a given point in a certain amount of time
- **7.** the bending of a wave due to its change in speed

- **8.** is the interaction between waves that meet
- **11.** the parts in a longitudinal wave where the coils are close together
- **12.** the low part of a transverse wave
- **13.** the points with zero amplitude on a standing wave
- **14.** when a wave moves around a barrier or through an opening in a barrier, it bends and spreads out
- **17.** when an object or a wave hits a surface through which it cannot pass,it bounces back