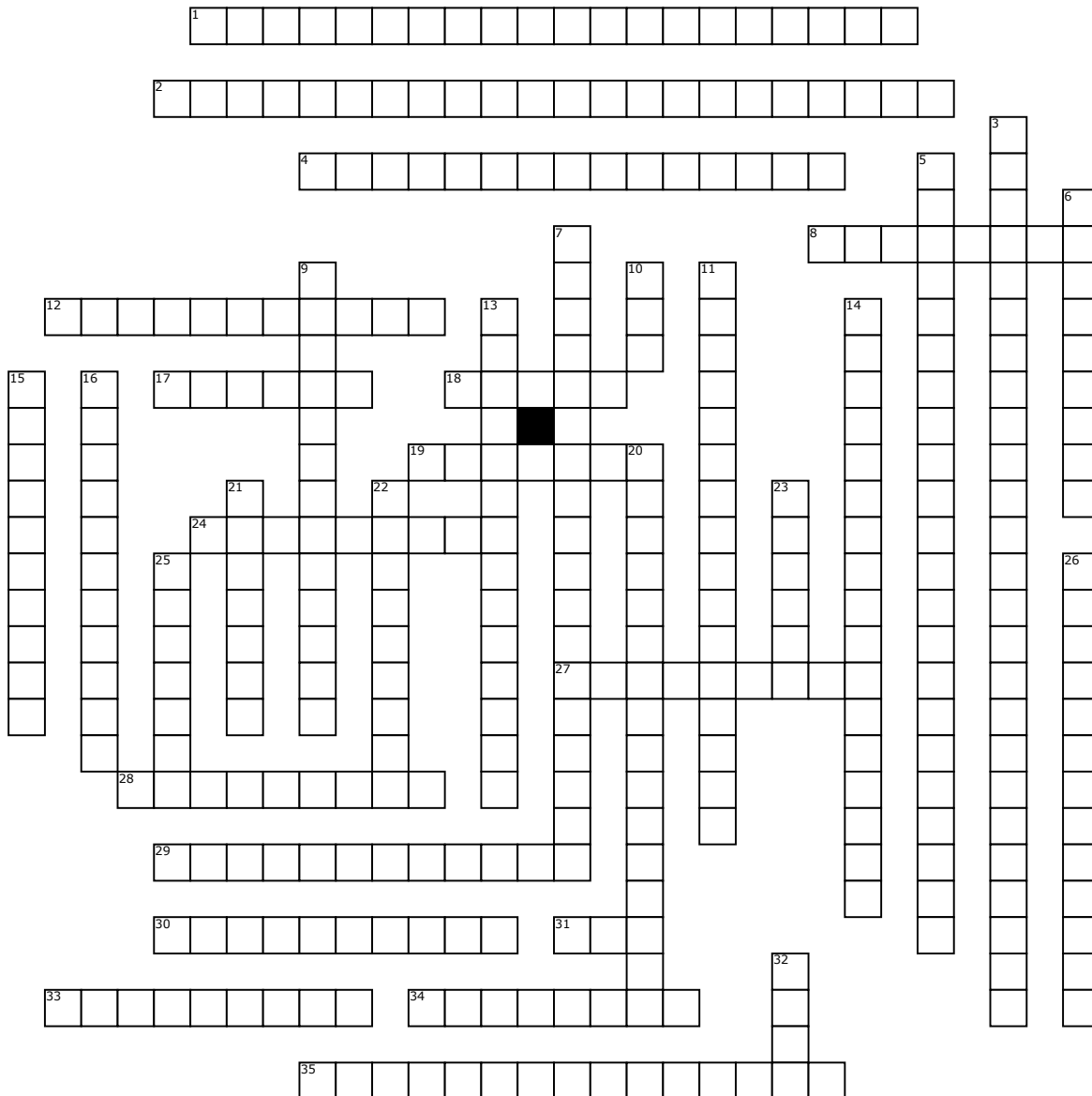


Name: _____ Date: _____ Period: _____

World History Chapter 25 Crossword



Across

1. During the early 1900s, Japan had moved toward a more... (hint: type of government)
2. the shifting of wealth from a rich minority to a poor majority
4. The son of Motilal Nehru, Jawaharlal studied law in Great Britain. He was a new kind of Indian politician
8. the deliberate mass murder of a particular racial, political, or cultural group
12. Arabs in the northern part of the Arabian Peninsula. Devout and gifted, Ibn Sa'ud (from whom came the name...
17. Capital of Iran
18. The strongest Communist-nationalist alliance was formed in...
19. a new Chinese republic
24. a mountainous region that forms the northeastern portion of China: and had been conquered by the Japanese
27. is a geographic region in Western Asia
28. the young Communist organizer of the new Chinese republic

29. Those who had studied in the United States were especially influenced by the ideas of W.E.B. Du Bois and...
 30. The Yangtze River
 31. Institutional Revolutionary Party or...
 33. organized the Vietnamese Communists in the 1920s.
 34. In the Japanese economy, various manufacturing processes were concentrated within a single enterprise called
 35. A similar practice to genocide
- Down**
3. INC- is an acronym for?
 5. Mao's army- broke through the Nationalist lines
 6. Those who had studied in the United States were especially influenced by the ideas of...
 7. a policy rejecting the use of U.S. military force in Latin America
 9. the need for the unity of all Africans, a movement known as...
 10. the Chinese Communist Party- the acronym

11. April 1927, killing of thousands in China, after the Nationalist Communist alliance ceased to exist.
13. This person had been active in the Indian National Congress and the movement for Indian self-rule before World War I.
14. refusal to obey laws considered to be unjust.
15. popularly known as "Lawrence of Arabia."
16. a person who makes laws; a member of a legislative body.
20. using unexpected methods like sabotage and deception to fight the enemy.
21. was the name of the ancient Persian language.
22. leader of the Nationalists of 1921 in China
23. Indian nationalist and spiritual leader
25. India's "Great Soul"
26. A general that was head of the nationalist party after Sun Yat-sen died in 1925
32. Persia became the modern state in 1935