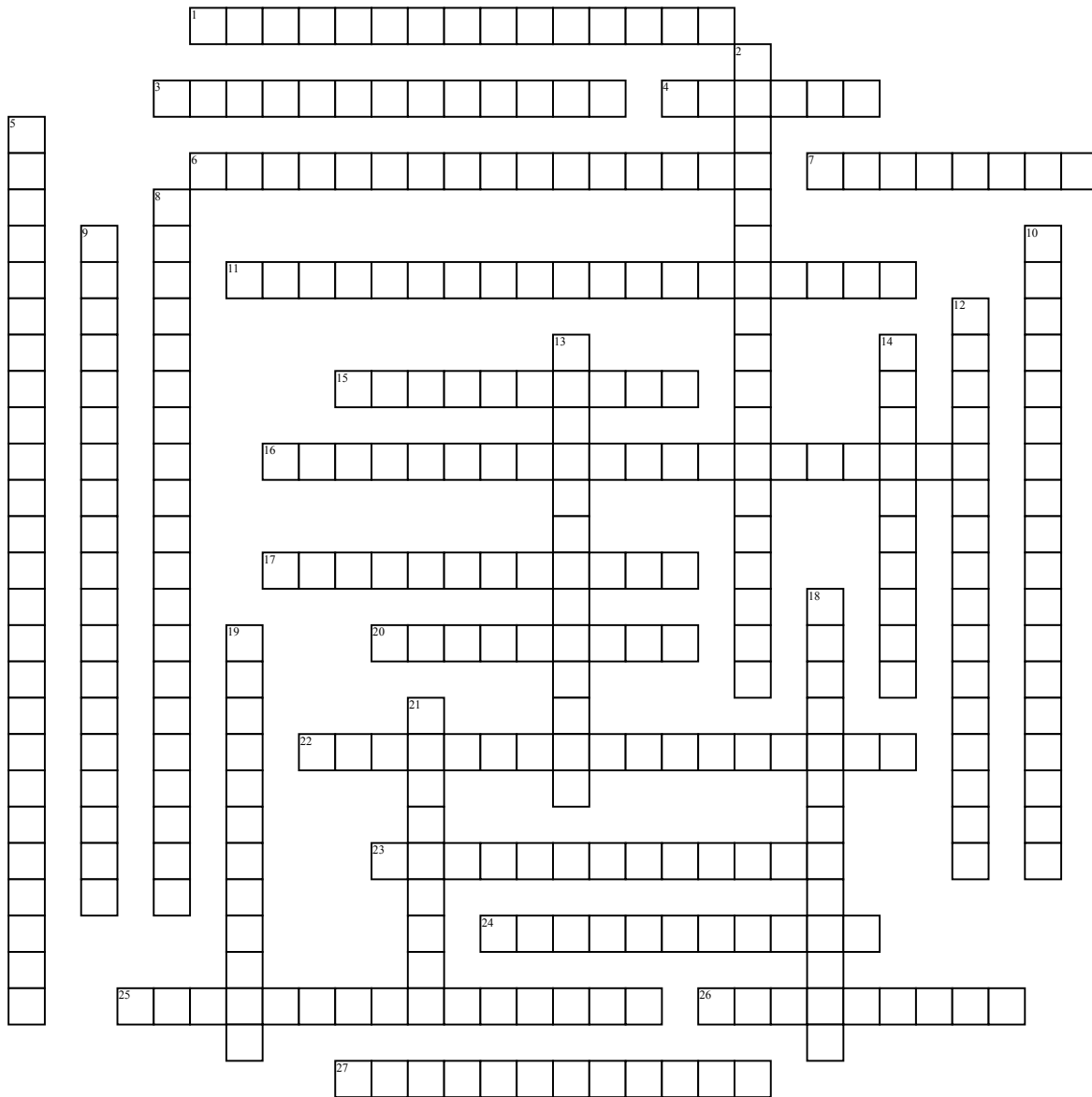


Name: _____

World History - Unit 4 Definitions



Across

1. European, African, and Americans trades involving food, goods, and slaves.
3. Voyage that brought captured Africans to the west Indies and Americas.
4. Land controlled by another nation.
6. War between the Loyalist (King) and the patriots fighting for independence in the English colonies.
7. People who did not agree with the practices of the church of England and wanted for the reforms.
11. Italian explorer who landed in the Americas, but thought he was on another continent.
15. A group of workers joining voluntarily to demand higher wages and better working conditions.
16. New way of thinking about the natural world based on questioning, observing, and testing.
17. The growth of cities in the migration of people into them.

20. Economic system in which all things - land, factories, railroad, businesses, etc. Owned by the people - no private property.
 22. Military ruler who seized power in France after the French revolution.
 23. Rights that people are born with; life, liberty and property.
 24. A policy when a strong country speaks to dominate other countries politically, economically, and socially.
 25. King or queen without complete control.
 26. First permanent English settlement.
 27. The idea that the government should not interfere with industries and businesses.
- Down**
2. King of England overthrown without war; parliament giving more power.
 5. A document declaring American independence from Britain and the king.

8. Beginning in England; the shift from making goods from hand to making them by machine.
9. The resources - land, labor, and capital - that are needed to produce goods.
10. Ideas that power (government) should be divided between different branches of government.
12. Logical procedure for gathering and testing ideas (five steps).
13. An intellectual movement of questioning; a.k.a. the age of reason; Based on the scientific revolution.
14. Economic system based on private ownership in the investment of making money.
18. System in which power is divided between the national and state governments.
19. Spanish explorer in the Americas.
21. An economic system in which factors of production are owned by the public and operate for the welfare of all - little private property.