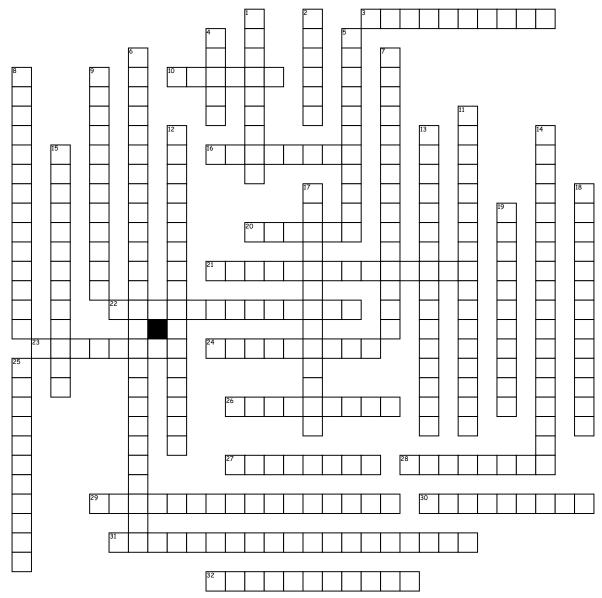
World War 1 Crossword Puzzle



Across

- 3. (Law) a tactic for delaying or obstructing legislation by making long speeches
- 10. The system of employing and promoting civil servants who are friends and supporters of the group in power
- 16. Characteristic of an absolute ruler or absolute rule; having absolute sovereignty
- **20**. An alliance of nations joining together to fight a common enemy
- 21. A sum allowed for travel.
- 22. ?
- 23. An illegal action inciting resistance to lawful authority and tending to cause the disruption or overthrow of the government.
- 24. A state of peace agreed to between opponents so they can discuss peace terms
- **26**. Member of a vigilance committee.
- ${\bf 27.}$. Someone opposed to violence as a means of settling disputes.

- 28. Systematic killing of a racial or cultural group.
- **29**. a treaty signed in 1919 that brought a formal end to World War I.
- 30. The act of rationing.
- 31. Compulsory military service.
- 32. The doctrine that your national culture and interests are superior to any other

Down

- 1. A situation in which no progress can be made or no advancement is possible
- 2. The act of escorting while in transit
- 4. A submersible warship usually armed with torpedoes
- Something done or paid in expiation of a wrong.
- **6**. The revolution of the American Colonies against Great Britain; 1775-1783.
- 7. ?
- 8. ?

- 9. An English breed with short legs and a golden liver-colored coat
- The revolution against the czarist government which led to the abdication of Nicholas II and the creation of a provisional government in March 1917.
- 2 2
- 13. The Indo-European language spoken predominantly in Armenia, but also in Azerbaijan.
- 14. ?
- 15. The alliance of Germany, Austria-Hungary, Turkey, and Bulgaria during World War I.
- 17. Restriction on maximum prices that is established and maintained by the government (as during periods of war or inflation)
- 18. ?
- 19. Swedish chemist remembered for his invention of dynamite and for the bequest that created the Nobel prizes (1833-1896).
- 25. ?