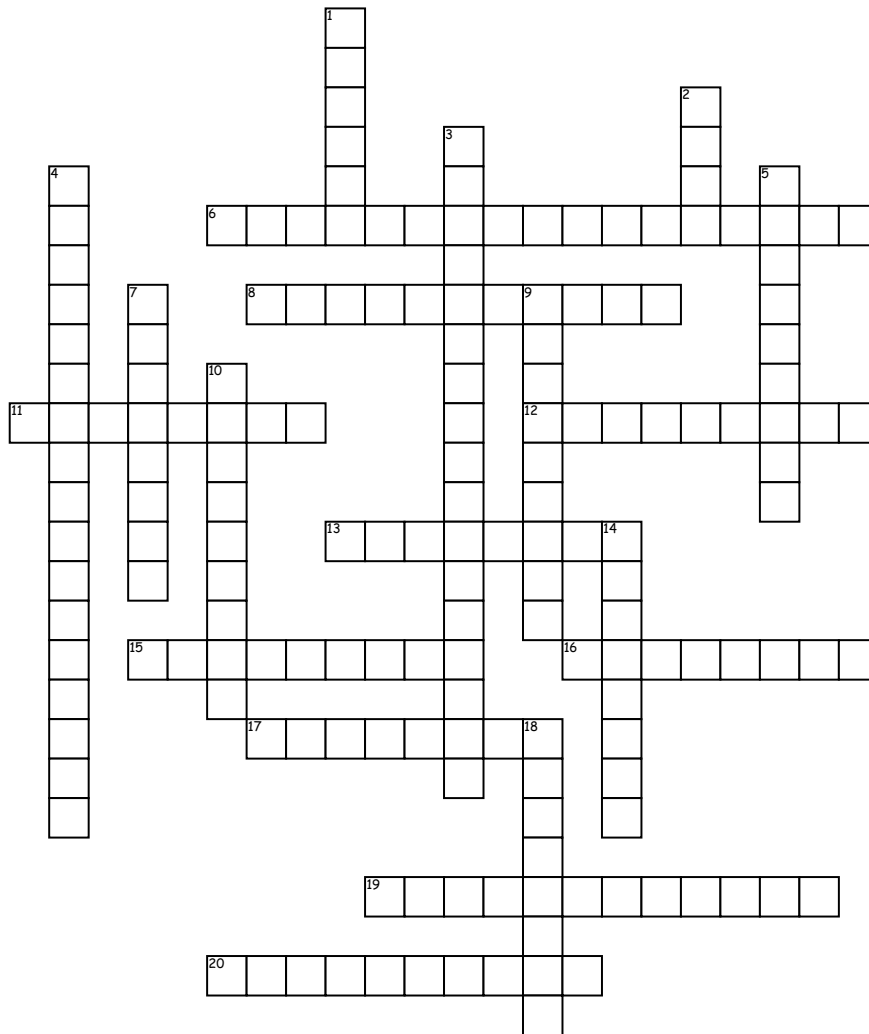


ancient rome



Across

- 6. the twelve pieces of stone with the laws on them and they were where everybody could see.
- 8. three rulers who share equal political power.
- 11. the city-state that fought against rome in the Punic Wars.
- 12. a native of ancient Etruria.
- 13. the government that was used by ancient Athens and ancient Rome.
- 15. a series of wars that Rome and Carthage fought.

- 16. an official in ancient Rome chosen by the plebeians to protect them at meetings.
- 17. a human-made channel that carries water long distances.
- 19. he took power from Pompey Crassus.
- 20. the upper class of Rome (they had most of the rights).

Down

- 1. the people that ruled rome (this was when rome went republic).
- 2. the word that means I forbid.
- 3. a Roman statesman who established the Roman Empire and became emperor.

- 4. counterbalancing influences by which an organization or system is regulated.
- 5. the lower class of Rome (they had little rights).
- 7. a person with absolute power to rule.
- 9. where the judge would have to refer back to the law.
- 10. a word for Roman peace
- 14. coins or money, that are used for exchange.
- 18. the seventh and last Etruscan king of Rome who was expelled for his cruelty.

Word Bank

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|------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------|
| etruscans | Republic | Twelve Tables of Law | Julius Caesar |
| patricians | Carthage | Punic Wars | Tarquins |
| tribunes | triumvirate | Octavian/Augustus | consul |
| dictator | Pax Romana | currency | Plebeians |
| aqueduct | rule of law | checks and balances | veto |