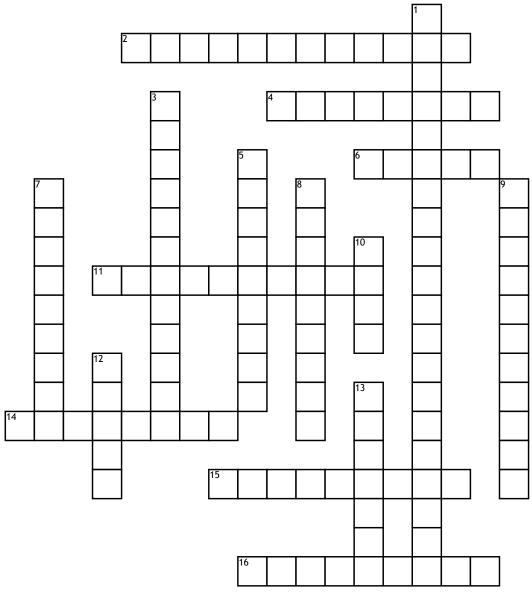
## cells



## **Across**

- he semipermeable membrane surrounding the cytoplasm of a cell
  An organelle in the cytoplasm of eukaryotic cells containing degradative enzymes enclosed in a membrane.
- **6.** an organelle found in eukaryotic cells.
- 11. a microscopic single-celled organism that has neither a distinct nucleus with a membrane nor other specialized organelles
- 14. a rigid layer of polysaccharides lying outside the plasma membrane of the cells of plants, fungi, and bacteria 15. a slender threadlike structure, especially a microscopic whip like appendage that enables many protozoa, bacteria, and spermatozoa to swim.
- **16.** a minute particle consisting of RNA and associated proteins, found in large numbers in the cytoplasm of living cells **Down**
- 1. a network of membranous tubules within the cytoplasm of a eukaryotic cell, continuous with the nuclear membrane.
- **3.** an organelle found in large numbers in most cells, in which the biochemical processes of respiration and energy production occur
- 5. an organism consisting of a cell or cells in which the genetic material is DNA in the form of chromosomes contained within a distinct nucleus
- 7. any of a number of organized or specialized structures within a living cell 8. the material or protoplasm within a
- **8.** the material or protoplasm within a living cell, excluding the nucleus.

- **9.** A plastid that contains chlorophyll and in which photosynthesis takes place.
- **10.** the smallest structural and functional unit of an organism, typically microscopic and consisting of cytoplasm and a nucleus enclosed in a membrane.
- 12. t is another packaging organelle like the endoplasmic reticulum (ER).
- 13. a dense organelle present in most eukaryotic cells, typically a single rounded structure bounded by a double membrane, containing the genetic material