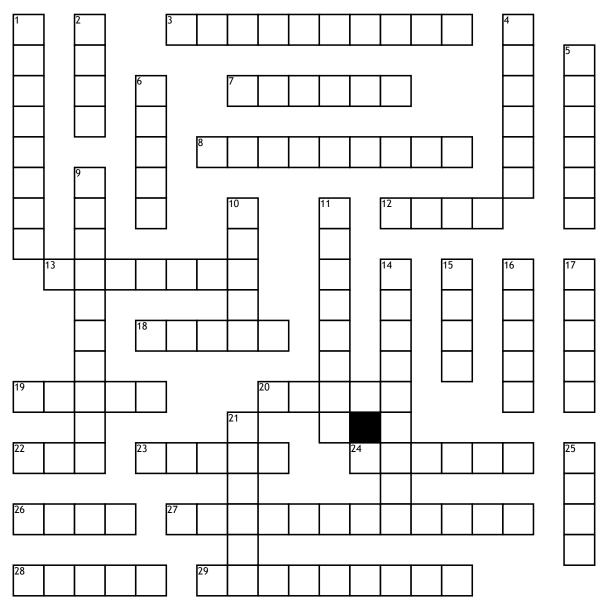
Name:	Date:

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<u>Across</u>

- 3. someone who earned a wage under a master
- 7. lower ranking noble that served a lord
- **8.** social and political structure that governed life in Middle Ages
- **12.** the new heavy wheeled plow had what kind of blade
- 13. peasant who had right to move
- **18.** most popular event at a tournament
- **19.** As trade increased merchants wanted gold or silver what
- **20.** this animal replace the ox and made plowing faster
- **22.** since water was not safe to drink peasants drank

- **23.** during feudalism peasants made products of cloth and what else to trade
- **24.** As trade increased and people gained wealth what class developed
- **26.** peasants traded for sugars, spices and dyes from where
- **27.** the open area in the center of the village
- 28. steep sided hill where a castle was built
- 29. What empire did Italian trading centers trade with in the East Down
- 1. used to stabilized warriors on horseback
- 2. higher ranking noble
- 4. followed a code of chivalry
- **5.** feudalism was based on ties of loyalty and duty among who

- **6.** Italian cities like Venice, Pisa and what other city became centers for trade
- **9.** someone learning a trade under a master
- **10.** after Charlemagne died these people lost power
- 11. What country known as Belgium today became center for wool cloth
- **14.** At first merchants exchanged goods for products. This is called
- **15.** peasant who was tied to his noble's manor
- **16.** farmers began rotating crops through this many fields
- **17.** business group devoted to a specific craft
- 21. open space next to the castle
- **25.** farmers began using power from water and what else