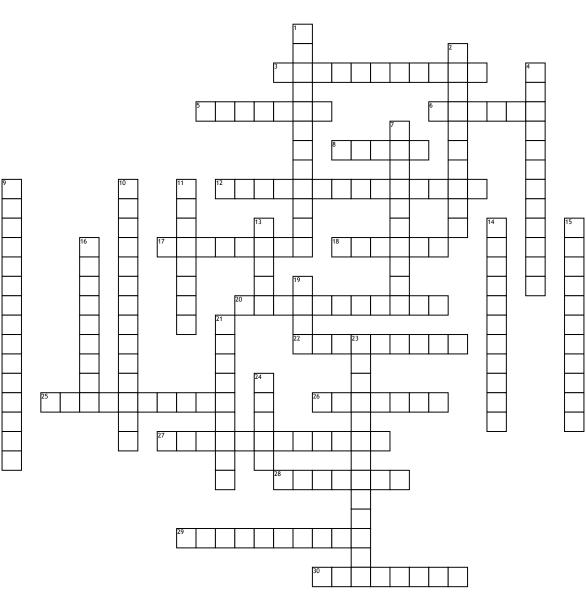
ch 14



<u>Across</u>

3. 1.the small sac-shaped organ beneath the liver, in which bile is stored after secretion by the liver and before release into the intestine.
5. the lymphatic vessels of the small intestine

that absorb digested fats

6. hard, dense, bony tissue forming the bulk of a tooth beneath the enamel

8. a natural crease or ridge in a body part, especially in the internal organs

12. inflammation of a diverticulum

17. a condition in which feces are discharged from the bowels frequently and in a liquid form

18. a mucous membrane: "the intestinal mucosa **20.** a radially symmetrical contraction and relaxation of muscles that propagates in a wave down a tube, in an anterograde direction.

22. connects the throat to the stomach

25. chewing process

26. the internal organ in which the major part of the digestion of food occurs

27. inflammation of the pancreas

28. a hormone that stimulates secretion of gastric juice, and is secreted into the bloodstream by the stomach wall in response to the presence of food

29. each of a large number of minute projections from the surface of some cells

30. a large gland behind the stomach that secretes digestive enzymes into the duodenum **Down**

1. the protrusion of an organ, typically the stomach, through the esophageal opening in the diaphragm.

2. the discharge of feces from the body

4. a condition in which there is difficulty in emptying the bowels

7. a small, hard crystalline mass formed abnormally in the gallbladder

9. an enzyme secreted into the mouth by the salivary glands to break down complex carbohydrates such as starch

10. the part of the intestine that runs between the stomach and the large intestine

11. eject matter from the stomach through the mouth:

13. the pulpy acidic fluid that passes from the stomach to the small intestine

14. inflammation of the peritoneum, typically caused by bacterial infection either via the blood or after rupture of an abdominal organ

15. the action or process of swallowing

16. a chronic disease of the liver marked by degeneration of cells

19. a bitter greenish-brown alkaline fluid that aids digestion and is secreted by the liver and stored in the gallbladder

21. a yellowish pigmentation of the skin

23. The area of the stomach adjacent to the pyloris, i.e. the opening from the stomach into the intestine.

24. waste matter discharged from the bowels after food has been digested; excrement