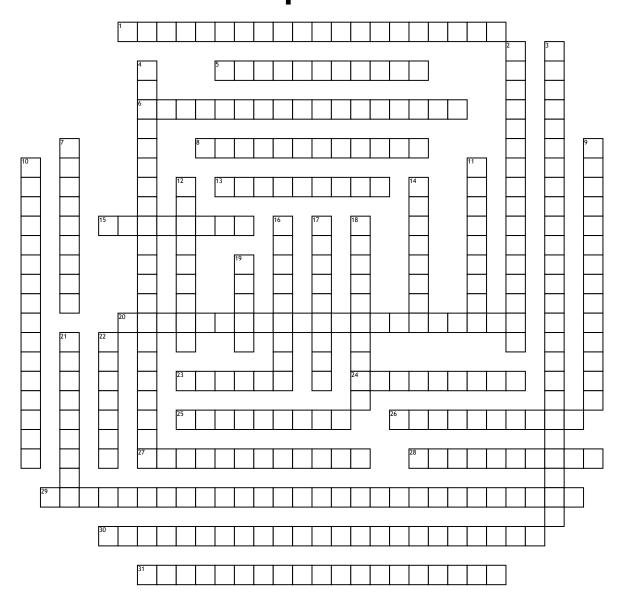
Name:	Date:	

## chapter 7



## **Across**

- 1. heart attack
- 5. cased by coal dust in the lungs
- **6.** condition where on or more arteries the lungs become blocked.
- **8.** a period of apnea followed by deep labored breathing
- 13. slow breathing
- 15. shallow breathing
- **20.** include trachea, bronchus, bronchi, bronchioles, alveoli
- **23.** is a condition of the bronchial airway causing difficulty breathing
- 24. another word for flu
- 25. nose bleed
- 26. caused by exposure to carcinogens
- **27.** an infectious disease caused by bacilli bacteria
- 28. inflammation of the bronchi

- **29.** when a person's heart or lungs stop working
- **30.** The maximal volume of air that can be exhaled after a normal tidal exhalation.
- **31.** The maximal volume of air that can be inspired after a normal tidal exhalation.

## **Down**

- **2.** A method of attempting to remove an object from the airway
- **3.** is a viral infection
- **4.** Include nasal cavity, pharynx, and larynx
- 7. difficulty breathing especially laying down

- **9.** an autosomal recessive genetic disease of the exocrine glands that primarily affects the lungs, pancreas, liver intestine, sinuses, and sex organs.
- 10. when something is blocking the tube through which air enter the lungs 11. is a disease that often affects the
- elderly
  12. abnormally deep breathing
- 14. inflammation of the pleurae
- 16. rapid breathing
- **17.** Primary muscle of inspiration. Separates thoracic from abdominal cavity
- 18. coughing up blood
- 19. inability to breathe
- **21.** inflammation and infection of the lungs
- 22. difficult breathing