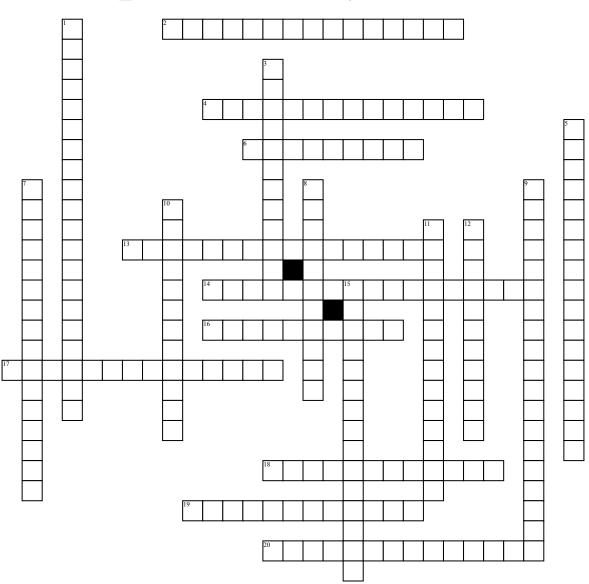
chapter final by autumn



<u>Across</u>

2. a military leader who is officially recognized as the First President of the

Philippines and first president of a constitutional republic in Asia

4. a term in foreign affairs initially used to refer to the United States policy established in the late 19th century and the early 20th century6. a Cuban national hero and important figure in Latin American literature

13. a type of journalism that presents little or no legitimate well-researched news and instead uses eye-catching headlines to sell more newspapers

14. is a spatial region or concept division over which a state or organization has a level of cultural, economic, military, or political exclusivity,

16. officially known as the Organic Act of 1900, is a United States federal law that established civilian

17. Hungarian-American newspaper publisher of the St. Louis Post Dispatch and the New York World

18. a note written by Señor Don Enrique Dupuy de Lôme, the Spanish Ambassador to the United States, to Don José Canelejas, the Foreign Minister of Spain, reveals de Lôme's opinion about the Spanish involvement in Cuba and US President McKinley 's diplomacy.
19. was a Mexican general and politician who served seven terms as President of Mexico, a total of three and a half decades from 1876 to 1911

20. a Chinese rebellion against foreign influence in areas such as trade, politics, religion, and technology that occurred

Down

1. The most famous of all the units fighting in Cuba

3. president of the Republic of Hawaii

5. was a major armed struggle between 1910 and 1920 that radically transformed Mexican culture and government

7. Mexican military officer and 35th

President of Mexico

8. was Admiral of the Navy, the only person in U.S. history to have attained the rank

9. 1887 Constitution of the Kingdom of Hawaii

10. queen of hawaii

11. a leading figure in the Mexican Revolution, the main leader of the peasant revolution in the state of Morelos, and the inspiration of the agrarian movement called Zapatismo
12. a policy of extending a country's power and influence through diplomacy or military force
15. was a Mexican statesman, writer, and revolutionary who served as the 33rd president of Mexico from 1911 until his assassination in 1913