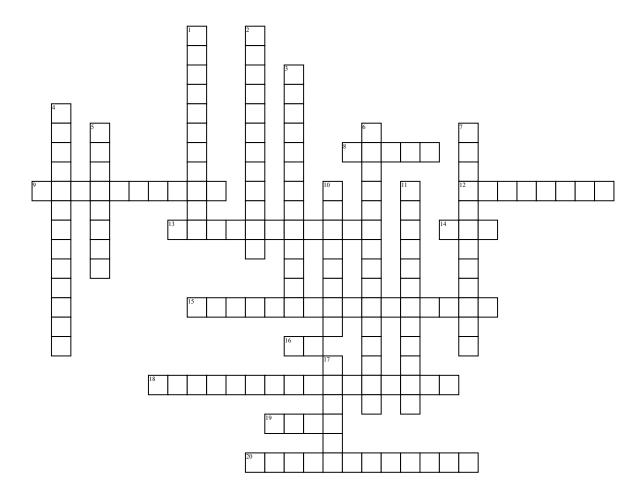
Name:	Date:

ocean



Across

- **8.** sound navigation and ranging. sound waves are sent to the ocean floor and the time it takes for them to return is measured. based on this time, a depth is calculated.
- **9.** transmitted by sonar to map the ocean floor
- **12.** continental margin with undisturbed sediment
- **13.** The Southern Hemisphere ocean, slightly smaller than the Atlantic
- 14. latitude that has low density at the surface layer and great density in deep water
- **15.** The area which forms the "drop-off" between the continental shelf and the continental rise

- **16.** this is the percentage of ocean water covering earths surface
- **18.** the gently sloping submerged portion of the continental margin, extending from the shoreline to the continental slope
- 19. latitude that has no vertical density change
- **20.** the flat, broad region of the ocean floor with almost no slope and covered by sediments

Down

- 1. Only 7% of the size of the Pacific.
- **2.** The largest ocean with the greatest depth
- **3.** The ocean half the size of the Pacific and not as deep
- **4.** plant like plankton, undergo photosynthesis

- **5.** organisms that float with the currents (algae, animals, and bacteria)
- **6.** the gently sloping surface at the base of the continental slope
- 7. is the study of the physical characteristics, chemical composition, and the life forms of the ocean.
- **10.** third layer where sunlight never reaches, temps are just above freezing, high density, 80% of ocean water
- 11. small underwater crafts used for deep-sea research.
- 17. this means depth