Name:	Date:	Period:	

perfect 10 - psychology #4

1. a partial or total loss of memory. A. behaviorism 2. a theory of learning based on the idea that all behaviors are acquired B. ethics through conditioning. C. confabulation 3. a group of people born around the same time 4. a learning procedure in which a biologically potent stimulus is paired with a D. mnemonic device previously neutral stimulus. 5. a memory error defined as the production of fabricated, distorted, or E. hypnosis misinterpreted memories about oneself or the world, without the conscious intention to deceive. 6. an ability to recall images from memory vividly after only a few instances of F. metacognition exposure, with high precision for a brief time after exposure, without using a mnemonic device. 7. moral principles that govern a person's behavior or the conducting of an G. insight activity. 8. artificially induced trance state resembling sleep H. conditioning 9. the capacity to gain an accurate and deep intuitive understanding of a I. eidetic memory person or thing. 10. awareness and understanding of one's own thought processes. J. modeling 11. techniques a person can use to help them improve their ability to K. repression remember something. L. cohort 12. a method used in certain techniques of psychotherapy whereby the client learns by imitation alone 13. a return to a former or less developed state M. amnesia