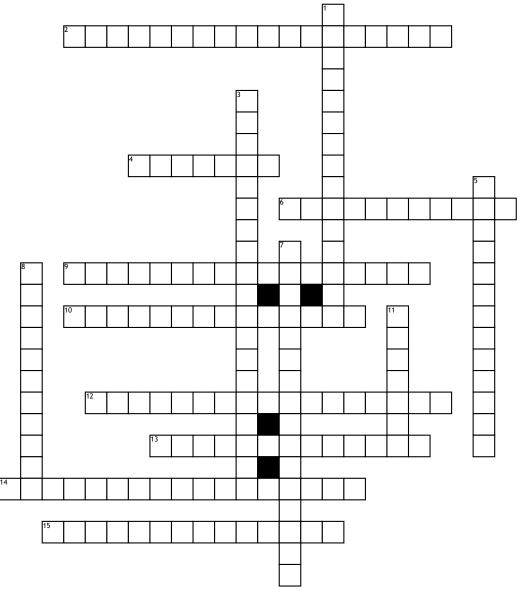
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## plate tectonics theory



## Across

- **2.** The boundary between tectonic plates that are colliding
- **4.** The supercontinent that formed 300 million years ago and that began to break up 200 million years ago
- **6.** The single, large ocean that covered earths surface during the time the supercontinent Pangaea existed
- **9.** The boundary between two tectonic plates that are moving away from each other
- **10.** The study of the alignment of magnetic minerals in rock, specifically as it relates to the reversal of earths magnetic poles

- **12.** The primary force that causes the seafloor to spread and continent's to drift
- **13.** A long, undersea chain that has a steep, narrow valley at its center and that creates new organic lithosphere as tectonic plates move apar
- **14.** The process by which new organic lithosphere (sea floor) forms as magma rises to Earths surface and solidifies
- **15.** The theory that explains large pieces of the lithosphere called plates move and change shape

## Down

**1.** Places where the sea floor is forced under continental plates

- **3.** The process by which supercontinents form and break apart over millions of years
- **5.** The solid plastic layer of the mantle beneath the lithosphere
- 7. The hypothesis that a single large landmass broke up into smaller landmasses to form the continent's which then drifted to their present location
- **8.** The solid outer layer of earth that consists of the crust and the rigid upper part of the mantle
- 11. The process by which earths crust breaks apart, can occur within continental crust or organic crust