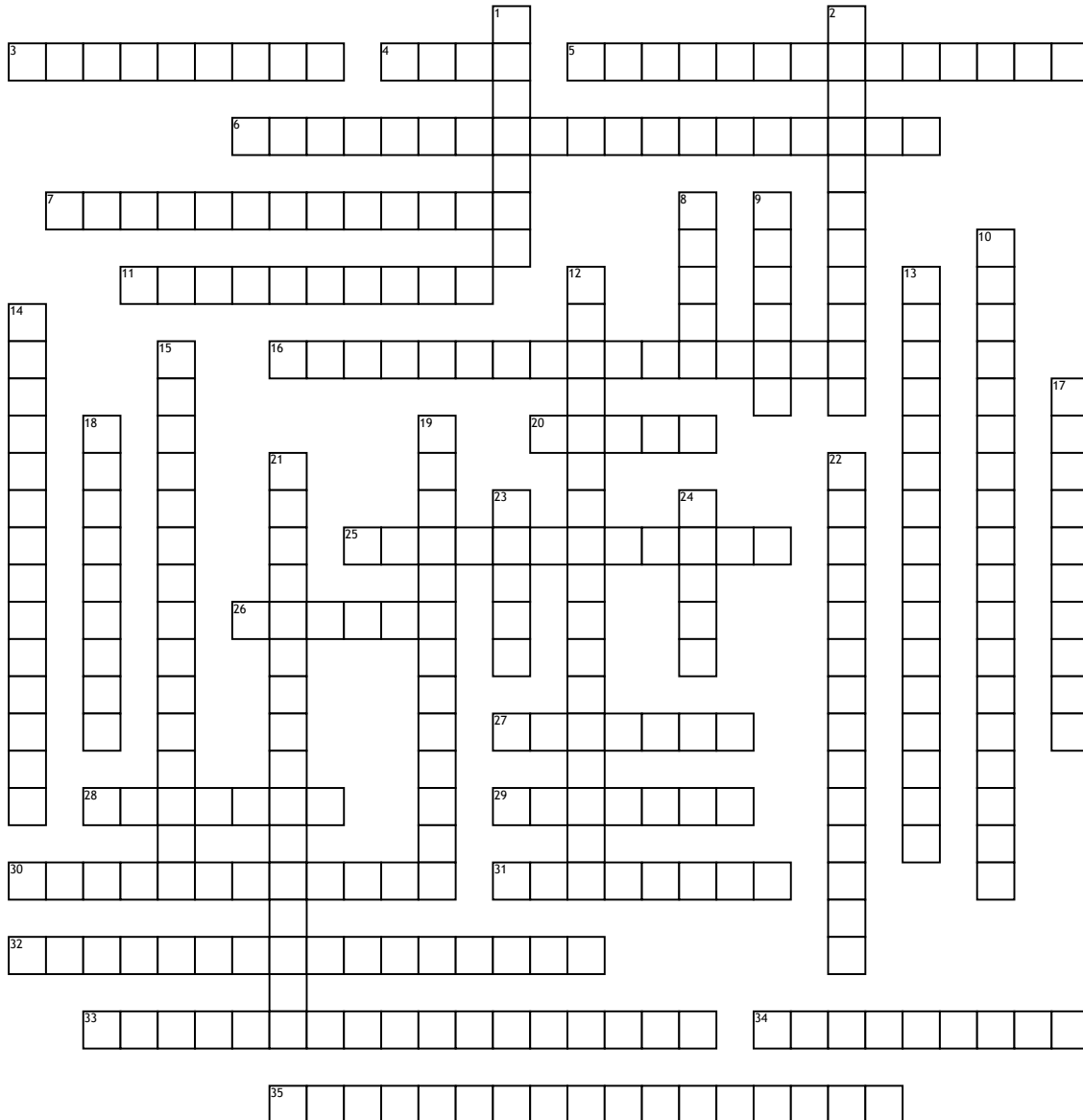


Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# vocab study



## Across

3. Release of harmful materials into the environment
4. A hole where trash is dumped ;a piece of land where waste materials are dumped
5. The ability to keep in existence or maintain. A sustainable ecosystem is one that can be maintained.
6. Measures how fast we consume resources and generate waste.
7. A system for classifying the world's climates.
11. An area in which the air temperature is generally higher than the temperature of surrounding rural areas.
16. species that enter new ecosystems and multiply, harming native species and their habitats
20. Habitat destruction, Invasive species, Population, Pollution, Overharvesting
25. The variety of species living within an ecosystem.
26. To make or become smaller or less.
27. Reprocessing material to make another product. The process of making new products from materials that were used in another product.
28. Any nonliving component of an environment; temperature, rainfall, altitude, latitude

29. The average weather conditions in an area over a long period of time

30. Movement of people from rural areas to cities.
31. A structured place where trash is deposited: The disposal of refuse and other waste material by burying it and covering it over with soil
32. increase in the number of people who inhabit a territory or state
33. Energy derived from sources that do not use up natural resources or harm the environment.
34. A biological community of interacting organisms and their physical environment.
35. A species that could become endangered in the near future

## Down

1. A group of similar organisms that can breed and produce fertile offspring.
2. The destruction of habitats that usually results from human activities
8. Use of a product in original form but in a new way.
9. Living things; animals and plants

10. A species whose numbers are so small that the species is at risk of extinction.

12. Permanent elimination of a species from earth; irreversible loss.
13. Largest number of individuals of a population that a environment can support.
14. Any biotic or abiotic factor that restricts the existence, numbers, reproduction, or distribution of organisms.
15. Species can no longer be found anywhere.
17. A group of individuals that belong to the same species and live in the same area
18. A group of interdependent organisms inhabiting the same region and interacting with each other.
19. The clearing or destruction of forests on a massive scale.
21. excessive use of species that have economic value
22. Catching or removing from a population more organisms than the population can replace
23. An organism's particular role in an ecosystem, or how it makes its living.
24. Large geographic areas with similar climates and ecosystems