## wyllisha math crossword puzzle



## Across

3. the secondary or vertical axis of a system of coordinates, points along which have a value of zero for all other coordinates 4. a pair of elements $a, b$ having the property that $(a, b)=(u, v)$ if and only if a $=u, b=v$.
4. the principal or horizontal axis of a system of coordinates, points along which have a value of zero for all other coordinates.
5. Image result for slope definition math Definition \& Formulas. The slope is a measure of the steepness of a line, or a section of a line, connecting two points. In this lesson, you will use several different formulas for slope
6. Linear functions are those whose graph is a straight line. A linear function has the following form. $y=f(x)=a+b x$. A linear function has one independent variable and one dependent variable. The independent variable is $x$ and the dependent variable is $y$. 10. A coordinate plane is an important tool for working with these equations. It is formed by a horizontal number line, called the x -axis, and a vertical number line, called the y -axis. The two axes intersect at a point called the origin
7. I II III IV. Pages referring to 'quadrant' The Coordinate Plane. The coordinate plane defined with description of $x, y$ axis, quadrants, origin.
8. Therefore, proportional relationships are relationships between two equal ratios. For example, oranges are sold in a bag of 5 for $\$ 2$. The ratio of oranges to their cost is $5: 2$ or. If I bought 20 oranges, I could set up a proportion to determine my cost.

## Down

1. an equation between two variables that gives a straight line when plotted on a graph
2. A relationship between two variables in which one is a constant multiple of the other. In particular, when one variable changes the other changes in proportion to the first. If $b$ is directly proportional to $a$, the equation is of the form $b=k a$ (where $k$ is a constant). Equation: $y=4 x$.
3. In two dimensions. On the flat coordinate plane, there are two axes, the vertical $y$-axis and the horizontal $x$-axis. The origin is the point where they intersect. This point has the coordinates 0,0 and is usually labelled with the letter 0.
4. equal in value, amount, function, meaning, etc
